

Student Edition pages and Presentation Screens support learning in this lesson.



## Is It Balanced?

### Making and Balancing a Budget

Let's calculate expenses.

### **Key Concepts**

#### Today's Goals

- 1. Goal: Add and subtract whole numbers and decimals to balance a budget.

### **Connections and Coherence**

Students are introduced to the concept of a **balanced budget** and apply their understanding of addition and subtraction of whole numbers and decimals to determine whether expenses exceed income. They describe actions that might be taken to balance a budget when expenses exceed income. **(TEKS 5.1.A)** 

#### Prior Learning

In Lesson 14, students used their knowledge of different tax types to calculate net income from gross income.

#### > Future Learning

In Lesson 17, students will use financial records to track withdrawals and deposits.

### **Integrating Rigor in Student Thinking**

- Students build their conceptual understanding of a balanced budget.
- Students strengthen their **fluency** with adding and subtracting whole numbers and decimals.

### Vocabulary

#### **New Vocabulary**

#### balanced budget

budget

#### **Review Vocabulary**

expenses

gross income

net income

### **TEKS**

#### Addressing

#### 5.10.E

Describe actions that might be taken to balance a budget when expenses exceed income.

Also Addressing: 5.3.K, 5.10.F

Math Process Standards: 5.1.A

**ELPS:** 1.B, 1.E, 2.B, 2.C, 2.D, 2.E, 3.C, 3.F

Building On Building Toward
4.4.A 6.14.C

### **Building Math Identity**

### O We are a math community.

What makes you a good partner in math class?

Invite students to reflect on this question as they complete this lesson.

## Lesson at a Glance • 60 min

**TEKS:** 5.1.A, 5.3.K, 5.10.E, 5.10.F

### Warm-Up

Whole Class | • 10 min

Students use the Notice and Wonder routine to share what they notice and wonder about a budget where expenses are equal to net income. The terms **budget** and balanced budget are introduced in the Connect.





#### **Activity 1**

Pairs | 4 15 min

Students explore budget scenarios and identify balanced budgets. They use the Think-Pair-Share routine to discuss their strategies for determining whether a budget is balanced. Students then balance a simple budget by calculating the total cost of expenses and the amount of net income remaining.

Materials: Activity 1 PDF, chart paper









#### **Activity 2**

Pairs | 20 min

Students use the **Think-Pair-Share** routine to discuss actions to balance a budget when expenses exceed income. They analyze a budget and take action to balance the budget







### **Synthesis**

Whole Class | • 10 min

Students review and reflect on the purpose of a balanced budget and the actions they can take to eliminate expenses.

#### **Show What You Know**

♣ Independent | ● 5 min

Students demonstrate their understanding of a balanced budget by describing actions they should take when expenses exceed income.

Materials: Show What You Know PDF









#### **Math Language Development**

EB Emergent Bilinguals

Consider using the Math Language Development Resources with the Activity 2, Monitor to support math language acquisition.



✓ Frayer Model ✓ Sentence frames and word bank



Students listen to spoken English and respond using their primary languages and gestures.

#### Pre-Production Beginning

Students listen to spoken English and speak using their primary languages, gestures, and single words or short phrases

Students listen to spoken English and speak using short phrases or simple sentences.

#### ■ Intermediate High Intermediate Advanced

Students listen to spoken English and speak using a variety of sentence types.

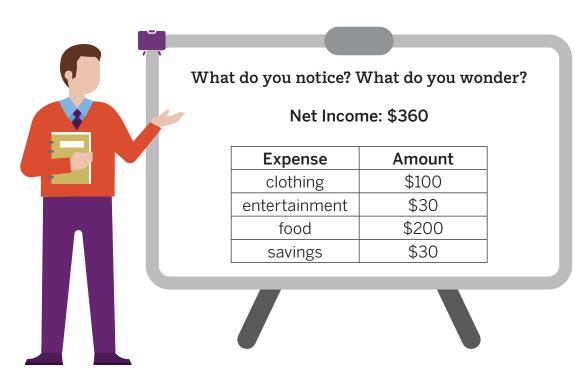
Students listen to spoken English and speak using longer sentences.

Exemplar responses are provided.

# Warm-Up Notice and Wonder

**Purpose:** Students examine an image to introduce the concept of a budget.





## 1 Launch



**Display** the image.

Use the Notice and Wonder routine.

Use the Think-Pair-Share routine. Ask, "What do you notice? What do you wonder?"

### Connect

**Record** students' responses as they share.

Ask, "Why are net income and total expenses equal?"

Define budget as a plan for spending income on expenses.

Say, "If the net income is equal to the total of the expenses, it is called a balanced budget."



### Students might say . . . . . . . ELPS 2.B

I notice that this is a budget with net income split into expenses.

I notice that the net income and total spending are the same.

I wonder how they decided on these amounts.

I wonder why the cost of the expenses adds to \$360.

## **Activity 1** Budget Balancer

**Purpose:** Students add and subtract with whole numbers and decimals to determine whether expenses exceed income in a budget.

### 1 Launch



Say, "You and your partner will move around the room to each budget scenario, thinking about whether each budget is balanced. You will complete Problems 1 and 2 with your partner."

Have students pause after completing Problems 1 and 2.

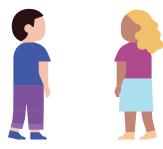
**Use the Think-Pair-Share routine**. Ask, "How did you determine which budgets were balanced?"



**Accessibility: Memory and attention** Provide students the worked-out total cost of the expenses.

Have students complete Problem 3 independently.

### 2 Monitor



After students have completed **Problem 3**, refer to the **1 Differentiation | Teacher Moves** table on the following page.

#### If students need help getting started . . .

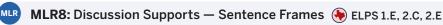
- Ask, "What do you need to calculate first?"
- Ask, "How could you determine the missing amount?"

### 3 Connect



Invite students to share their responses from Problem 3.

**Use the Think-Pair-Share routine**. Ask, "How did you determine the amount of money to put in the Other category?"



While students share their responses, display these sentence frames to support discussion.

- "We determined the amount by . . ."
- "I added . . . "
- "I subtracted . . ."



**Key Takeaway:** Say, "You can add your expenses together and subtract them from the net income to determine whether a budget is balanced. When expenses and income are equal, you have a balanced budget."

#### Presentation Screens



#### **Materials**

#### Classroom materials: Lesson Resources:

- Display the Activity 1 PDF around the room during the Launch.
- Provide paper at each display for students to use for calculations in Activity 1.
- **Short on time?** Consider having students explore only Budgets A and B.



#### Is It Balanced?

Let's calculate expenses.



Warm-Up

of eyes on teacher

We are a math community.
What makes you a good
partner in math class?

Warm-Up | Activity 1

Activity

1 Bud

#### **Budget Balancer**

 Determine whether each <u>budget</u> is balanced. Place a check mark in the correct column.

Budget	Balanced	Unbalanced
А		<b>✓</b>
В		<b>✓</b>
С		<b>✓</b>
D	<b>✓</b>	
Е		<b>✓</b>

Describe a change that could be made to balance one of the unbalanced budgets from Problem 1. Sample response shown.

Budget B's expenses added to \$1,950. They could take entertainment out of their budget.

Grade 5 Unit 3 Lesson 15

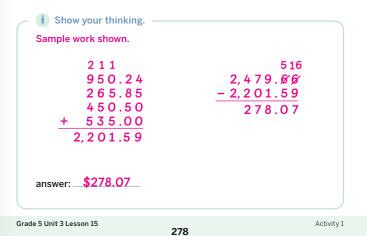
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Activity **1** 

Budget Balancer (continued)

The monthly income for Andrea's mom during October was \$2,479.66. The table shows an incomplete budget. Complete the table to show a balanced budget.

Expense	Amount	
rent	\$950.24	
transportation	\$265.85	
food	\$450.50	
savings	\$535.00	
other	\$278.07	



Presentation Screens

### **Differentiation** | Teacher Moves

Look for students who . . .

#### For example . . .

### Provide support . . .

#### Almost there

Identify the missing amount as the total of the expenses listed in the table.

Expense	Amount	
rent	\$950.24	
transportation	\$265.85	
food	\$450.50	
savings	\$535.00	
other	\$2,201.59	

<u>Support</u> Ask, "The total of all the expenses will be equal to the income in a balanced budget. How did you determine the amount for this expense?"

Identify the missing amount as the total expenses subtracted from the net income.

Expense	Amount
rent	\$950.24
transportati	on \$265.85
food	\$450.50
savings	\$535.00
other	\$278.07

Stretch Ask, "If they wanted to spend \$95 on new clothes, how much money would remain in the *other* category?"

#### Presentation Screens



## **Activity 2** Cutting Costs

**Purpose:** Students describe actions that can be taken to balance a budget.





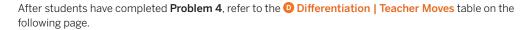
**Use the Think-Pair-Share routine.** Ask, "Which expense categories would you choose to revise? Why?"

#### Say:

- "When a budget is not balanced, actions must be taken to decrease some of the unnecessary expenses."
- "You will complete Problem 4 with your partner and Problems 5 and 6 independently."
- Emergent Bilinguals If possible, pair students with different levels of English language proficiency together as they complete this activity. 

  ELPS 1.E, 2.C, 2.D

### 2 Monitor



#### If students need help getting started . . .

- Ask, "How could you determine whether the budget is balanced?"
- Ask, "What should you consider before you eliminate or decrease an expense?"

### 3 Connect



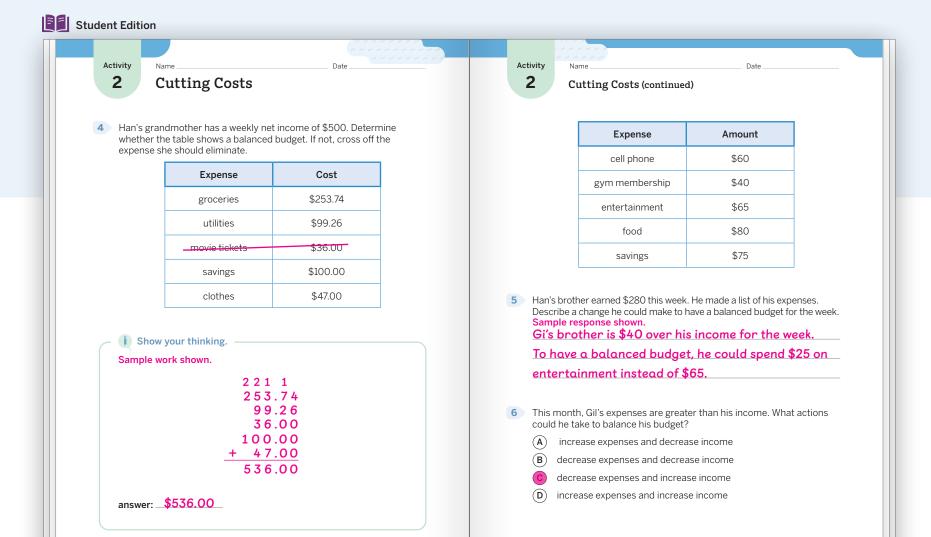
**Invite students to share** their responses and strategies from Problem 4. Select and sequence their responses in the order shown in the *Differentiation* table.

**Use the Think-Pair-Share routine**. Ask, "How did you determine which expense to eliminate from the budget? Why?"

**Say** (if not yet mentioned during the discussion), "There are many ways to adjust your spending to balance a budget. It is important to think about the types of expenses you have and whether they are necessary before determining how to balance your budget."



**Key Takeaway:** Say, "To have a balanced budget, your expenses and your income must be equal, or balanced. When a budget is not balanced, you can choose to eliminate or decrease unnecessary expenses or try to increase income."



Activity 2

Grade 5 Unit 3 Lesson 15

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Grade 5 Unit 3 Lesson 15



Activity 2

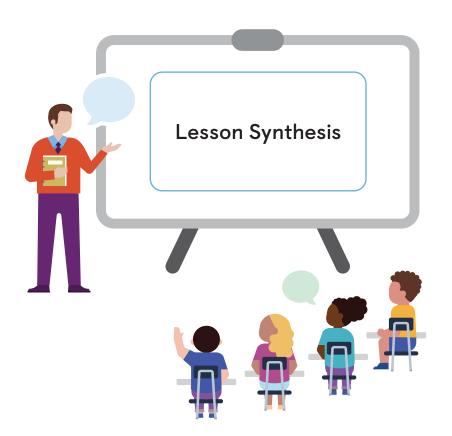
Differentiation   Teach	TET MOVES	
Look for students who	For example	Provide support
Almost there  Determine that the expenses do not exceed the weekly net income.	The total cost is less than \$500.  That means that she could actually buy everything in her budget and add more money to her savings.	<b>Support</b> Ask, "How did you determine the amount of money spent on expenses?"
Almost there  Determine that the expenses exceed the weekly net income and eliminate a necessary expense.	The total cost is \$536, which is \$36.00 over her weekly income. She should take some money out of her utility costs.	Strengthen Ask, "How did you determine which expense to eliminate? Which expenses do you see that aren't important?"
Determine that the expenses exceed the weekly net income and eliminate unnecessary expenses.	The total cost is \$536, which is \$36 over her weekly income. She should not buy movie tickets.	Stretch Ask, "How could you balance the budget without eliminating any expenses?"

#### Presentation Screens



## **Synthesis**

**Lesson Takeaway:** Balancing a budget is important because it ensures that spending does not exceed income. Balancing a budget may require reducing expenses.



Say, "Today, you balanced a budget by calculating expenses and determining whether they exceeded income."

Use the Think-Pair-Share routine. Ask, "Do you agree with the action taken to balance this budget? Why or why not? What action could be taken instead?"

Say, "You can determine expenses to eliminate from your budget based on whether the expense is a want or a need."

#### Formalize vocabulary: budget, balanced budget

(optional) Consider using the Word Structure: Compound Words routine with the term balanced budget. Consider asking, "How can you use your understanding of the words budget and balance to help you understand the term balanced budget?" **ELPS 1.B, 3.C, 3.F** 

Refer to the Math Language Development Resources for a description of this routine and for more vocabulary support.

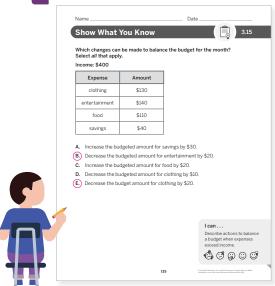
**Invite** students to refer to the **Summary** during Practice or anytime during the year.

### Show What You Know & Independent

Students using digital

Lesson 15 Show What You Know





### Today's Goals

- 1. Goal: Add and subtract whole numbers and decimals to balance a budget.
- 2. Language Goal: Describe actions that might be taken to balance a budget when expenses exceed income. (Listening and Speaking) 🗣 ELPS 1.B, 2.B, 2.E
  - In the Show What You Know, students determined an action that might be taken to balance a budget.



See the last page of the lesson for differentiation and Math Language Development support.

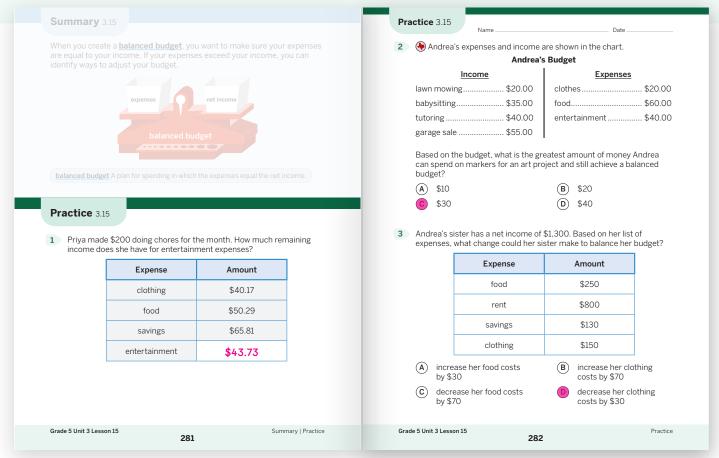
### Practice Independent

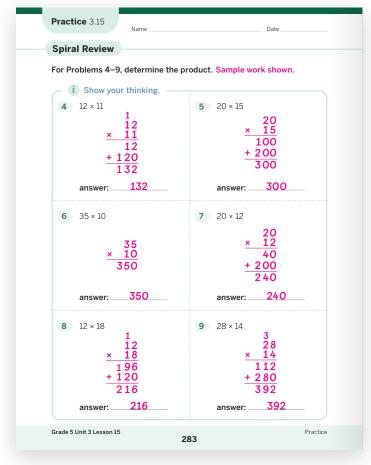
Provide students with sufficient practice to build and reinforce their conceptual understanding, fluency, and application of mathematical topics including connections to assessment practice, and ongoing spiral review.



Students using digital











Lesson Goal: Describe actions that might be taken to balance a budget when expenses exceed income.



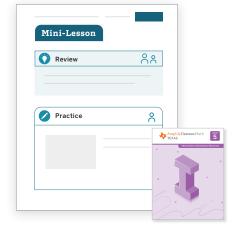
#### Support

Provide targeted intervention for students by using these resources.

**If students** determine that the expenses do not exceed the weekly net income:

#### Respond:

- Assign the Balancing a Budget Mini-Lesson. | 4 15 min
- Review the differences between income and expenses.



#### Strengthen

Reinforce students' understanding of the concepts assessed by using these resources.

If students determine that the expenses exceed the weekly net income and 1 way to balance the budget:

#### Respond:

- Invite students to play the Center. | 4 15 min Equation Challenge: Add and Subtract Beyond 1,000
- Have students complete Lesson 15 Practice. | • 15 min
- Item Bank



### Stretch

Challenge students and extend their learning with these resources.

If students determine that the expenses exceed the weekly net income and identify more than 1 way to eliminate unnecessary expenses:

#### Respond:

- Invite students to explore the **Sub-Unit 4 Extension** Activities. | 4 15 min
- Revisit Activity 2 and invite students to respond to the **Stretch** question from the Differentiation: Teacher Moves table. | 4 5 min





Support, Strengthen, and Stretch learning by assigning these digital resources that adjust to each student's current level of skill and understanding.

• Boost Personalized Learning • Fluency Practice • Math Adventures

#### **Math Language Development**



Use the Math Language Development Resources for further language support with all your students, including those building English proficiency.

- English/Spanish cognates
- Frayer Model templates
- Vocabulary routines





#### **Professional Learning**

What did you observe about your students during discussion time? What are some ways that you could learn more about your students to feel more inclusive in your math lesson?